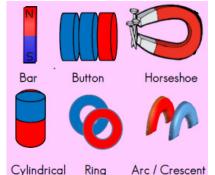
Science - Forces Year 3 - Spring 2

	Key Vocabulary	
Force	Pushes or pulls.	
Friction	A force that acts between two surfaces or objects that are moving, or trying to move, across each other.	
Surface	The top layer of something.	
Magnet	An object that produces a magnetic force that pulls certain objects towards it.	
Magnetic	Objects which are attracted to a magnet are magnetic.	
Magnetic field	The area around a magnet where there is a magnetic force which will pull magnetic objects towards the magnet.	
Poles	North and south poles are found at different ends of the magnet.	
Attract	Attraction is a force that pulls objects together.	
Repel	Repulsion is a force which pushes objects away from each other.	

In KS1:	In Year 3:	In Year 4:	In Year 5:	In Year 6
				<ul> <li>Investigating gravity, air resistance and water resistance.</li> </ul>







Resources	Safety Cards
<ul> <li>Magnets (range of types)</li> <li>Ramps (with different surfaces) and cars</li> <li>Range of metal objects</li> </ul>	Card 22 - Forces Card 23 - Forces Card 24 - Forces

What key knowledge will I have by the end
of this unit?

- What is friction? Compare how things move on different surfaces.
- Magnets exert attractive forces on some materials. These materials are called magnetic.
- The force is non-contact and acts through many materials.
- All magnets have a north and south pole.
- Like poles repel and opposite poles attract.
- Magnets exert attractive and repulsive forces with other magnets.
- Magnetic forces are affected by the strength of the magnet, the distance from object, type of material it is acting through.

What key skills will I have by the end of this unit?

- Safety in science
- Science equipment measuring tape
- Fair test, control variables, observations, accurate measurements, recording data, simple conclusions, improvements - friction and magnets
- Labelled diagrams magnets